Kilns

Safety
No matter what caused the kiln to get wet, your number one concern should be your safety. The first thing you need to do is turn off the breaker then unplug the kiln. If for some reason the kiln is still running and there is water on the floor, contact a certified electrician to do this for you.

If necessary, always wear rubber soled shoes and keep one hand in your pocket when entering a room with wet floors and live electrical equipment.

What is in the water?
During a flood or a fire there are often times other elements such as salt (storm surge flooding), fire retardant or other pollutants that could be mixed in with the water. Some of these can be toxic and/or highly corrosive. When the water soaks into the brick it can leave behind residues after it is dried out. When the kiln is fired these residues can become volatile and, depending on the residue, potentially toxic when inhaled.

If you are not sure if the water absorbed into the kiln has been contaminated by potentially toxic material do not fire the kiln. It is recommended that you submit your claim to the insurance company as a total loss.

If your kiln was exposed to salt water from a storm surge it is difficult, if not impossible, to remove all of the salt. Salt is very corrosive. If all of the salt is not removed metal components will continue to corrode. If your kiln has been exposed to storm surge water, we recommend you submit it to your insurance company as a total loss.

If the kiln was not insured and you want to save it, wipe down all exposed metal components as best you can with isopropyl alcohol. Alcohol is good because it does not leave a residue. When you fire the kiln make sure it is well ventilated. If you have a downdraft vent make sure it is on. If you do not have a vent, remove all of the peep plugs and ventilate the room.

Salt cannot be “burned out” of the kiln brick like organic material because its boiling point is 2575°F (1686°C), which is way beyond the capabilities of our kilns. That being said, you will likely experience reduced element life and your bands will corrode at a faster rate.

Did the wet kiln freeze?
If the kiln gets wet and then freezes, the water will expand when it turns to ice and can damage the brick and electronic components on your controller. Inspect the kiln thoroughly for damage caused by ice before you submit an insurance claim.
**EVALUATING ELECTRIC KILNS AND THEIR ACCESSORIES CONTINUED**

**Time is of the essence**
Once the kiln is safely disconnected from the power supply, the quicker you can start drying out the kiln, the more likely you are to prevent permanent damage. The longer you wait the more likely it is for components to corrode.

**Recommended steps:**
Drying out
1. Turn off breaker and unplug the kiln.
2. Remove control box.
3. Remove baffle from control box.
4. Place fan blowing into the control box.
5. Place fan inside kiln with peep plugs out and lid open.
6. Wipe down all exposed metal with alcohol.

**Inspect receptacle and wall wiring**
If your kiln got wet there is a good possibility that the receptacle got wet as well. You may want to consult an electrician to test the receptacle and other wiring to the kiln. At the very least it would be a good idea to point a fan into the receptacle to dry it out before plugging in the kiln.

**Kiln drying program**
1. Reassemble the kiln when it is completely dry. This is a judgement call. It could take as long as a week depending on humidity levels. If you have access to a dehumidifier it will definitely speed up the process.
2. Plug in the kiln
3. Turn on the breaker and check kiln display. (If display does not come on or the breaker throws, unplug the kiln and contact Skutt or your Skutt distributor for further suggestions.)
4. Follow the Instructions in your manual and input the following Ramp/Hold program:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Hold</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60°F/hr</td>
<td>180°F</td>
<td>*2 Hours</td>
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Monitor the kiln immediately after pressing Start. If you hear any unusual sounds or see smoke from the control box, immediately press Stop. When the kiln reaches 180°F, hold a mirror up to an open peep hole every few hours to see if it fogs the glass. If no fog appears, most of the residual moisture should be gone and you can stop the program.

* Only enter a hold time that allows you to monitor the kiln during the entire firing.

**Test firing**
Follow the instructions in your manual for the initial test firing. In KM kilns this is a Cone 04 ConeFire program using a Cone 04 witness cone placed 2” from the thermocouple. Be sure to monitor this firing.
EVALUATING ELECTRIC KILNS AND THEIR ACCESSORIES CONTINUED

If the Cone 04 bends to an acceptable position (tip is between 2 o’clock and 6 o’clock), you should be good to go. If the firing fails, consult Skutt or your Skutt kiln supplier for further instructions.

If everything seems to work okay, that does not mean that it will remain okay. Sometimes the effects of corrosion can take awhile and components can fail prematurely. Because of this, always replace equipment that has been exposed to extreme moisture through your insurance company when possible.

If you cannot find your manual (or it is too wet to read) you can download one at:

https://skutt.com/skutt-resources/printed/

KilnSitter and Glass Kilns
Instructions for these kilns are basically the same except for the test firing and some box designs. If you have specific questions please feel free to contact us directly.

EnviroVents
If your EnviroVent motor was submerged, chances are very good the motor and bearings are going to be compromised. If it is covered under your insurance it should be covered as a total loss.

PLUGGING IN A WET ELECTRIC MOTOR CAN BE VERY DANGEROUS. If the motor was running when it got wet, it most likely tripped the breaker controlling that outlet. If the motor was off when it got wet, DO NOT TURN ON THE MOTOR UNTIL IT IS COMPLETELY DRY.

Because of the electrical hazards associated with electric motors we strongly suggest you bring the motor to an Electric Motor repair shop. Most towns have one of these and they are usually fairly reasonable.

Here are our recommendations for steps to take when evaluating an EnviroVent that got wet:

1. Unplug the vent and blow out the motor and squirrel cage (fan blades) with compressed air.
2. Let it sit with a fan on it for a few days. Before you plug it in, try shaking it a few times. If any water comes out, do not plug it in until it is dry.
3. Remove the two screws that hold the plate cover on the in-line toggle switch in the cord. Blow out any water with compressed air and replace the cover.
4. Disconnect the ducting, spray it down with a hose to remove any residue and dry it with a towel the best you can. Place a fan so it blowing through the ducting until it is visibly dry.
5. If the motor is completely dry, plug it in with the motor sitting on a non-conductive surface. Do not touch the motor casing when you plug it in to the outlet. Turn on the switch to see if the motor still runs. If it throws the breaker the motor is no good and will need to be replaced.

6. If the motor turns on and the fan is blowing air, listen to see if you hear any squeaking in the squirrel cage. If you do hear squeaking place 3 or 4 drops into each oil port and turn the motor on to see if the sound goes away. If it does not, the bearings are compromised. Unfortunately we cannot buy only the squirrel cage so the entire unit needs to be replaced.

7. If everything seems to be working, reinstall the vent and turn it on. The suction coming through the top holes of the kiln lid should be strong enough to draw the flame from a cigarette lighter into the kiln chamber. If it cannot do this, the vent has been compromised and must be replaced.

Replacement Parts

There have been two EnviroVent Models that Skutt has manufactured. On the first unit, The EnviroVent, the motor fits under the kiln. On the EnviroVent 2, the motor was designed to mount to the wall or ceiling. Below are the replacement motor parts (with squirrel cage) required for each. Contact your Skutt Distributor for pricing.

- EnviroVent Replacement Motor w/Squirrel Cage #1631
- EnviroVent2 Replacement Motor w/Squirrel Cage #2449

If your EnviroVent was equipped with an EnviroLink you will want to remove the cover of the EnviroLink and let it dry out completely. It can only be tested properly with a functioning KilnMaster Kiln. Follow the instructions in your manual for operation and see if it still works. If it does not cycle the Vent on when it is supposed to, it is likely the circuit board was damaged and the whole unit needs to be replaced. Consult your Skutt kiln distributor for pricing.

Kiln Shelves and Posts

Kiln shelves definitely need to be slowly dried out before they are fired to temperature. It is best to stand them on edge with something to space them apart to allow air to flow freely across both sides. You may want to hose them off to make sure any organic debris is removed before they are fired. Place a fan on them for at least a day and then post them up in your kiln and run the same drying program you used for the kiln.

If the kiln wash was compromised you will want to apply new coats after they are thoroughly dried in the kiln.